same, to carry such person before some justice of the peace, who shall take a recognizance from such person, with security, to appear at the next county court; provided, that persons travelling with linen, hemp, flax or thread, the growth and manufacture of this state, and selling or bartering the same, shall not be deemed hawkers or pedlars within this act.

By 1819, ch. 184, sec. 6, the tax is raised to \$40.

By 1820, ch. 124, sec. 1, a further definition is given of those who shall be deemed 'hawkers.'

By 1832, ch. 273, sec. 1, the fine is not less than \$10, and not more than \$100.

By 1827, ch. 117, the clerk is to receive the tax.

SEc. 7. Merged in 1832, ch. 273, sec. 7.

SEc. 8. Merged in 1819, ch. 184, and in 1827, ch. 117.

May suppress disorderly retailers, &c. SEC. 9. And be it enacted, That if any retailer shall keep a disorderly house, or permit or suffer any liquor by him sold or bartered, mixed or unmixed, to be drank in or about his house, upon complaint made thereof to any county court on the eastern shore, they may suppress such retailer; and during the recess of the court, upon complaint made to any two of the justices of any county court on the said shore, or upon their own observation of such disorderly house, it shall be lawful for them to suspend such retailer till the next county court, who may hear and finally determine on the conduct of such retailer, and either entirely suppress, or permit the continuation of such retailer; and if any retailer, suspended as aforesaid, shall presume, during such suspension, to retail, he shall forfeit forty shillings current money for every such offence.

As to the fine, see 1832, ch. 273.

By 1830, ch. 99, the judges of the orphans court may suppress disorderly houses and by 1831, ch. 323, the court may withhold licenses.

SEC. 10. Merged in 1825, ch. 206.

Merchants,' &c. not to sell less than ten gallons, &c.

SEC. 11. And be it enacted, That any thing in this act shall not prohibit any merchant, or person keeping shop for the sale of merchandise, to sell any wine, rum, brandy, whiskey, or other distilled spirituous liquors, not less than ten gallons, so that such liquor, nor any part thereof, be not drank in the house or shop; or prohibit any person, his agent, clerk or other manager, to sell or supply any such liquor, not less than one pint at the same time, to tradesmen, labourers or others, hired or employed by such person, or his agent, clerk or other manager.

See 1827, ch. 117.

Sec. 12. Merged in 1834, ch. 244.

SEc. 13, 14. Merged in 1827, ch. 117.

SEC. 15. Merged in 1828, ch. 85, and 95.